



ISO 15118 communication over CAN bus

Wireless interoperable Power Transfer - WiPT

www.wipt-charging.de



O. Simon
olaf.simon@sew-eurodrive.de



Dimitri Shkadarevich

- **Open manufacturer independent standard for public wireless charging**
IEC 61980-3 Annex AA
Any vehicle is able to charge on any pad
Enabling a public infrastructure
Established certification process
- **Long term field test in public area**
Proof of stability, usability and safety
Several years of permanent daily operation of about 5 charging spots and vehicles
- **Wireless communication of ISO 15118 services is integrated**
Change of the physical layer to WiFi



Joint research project "InterOp"



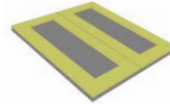
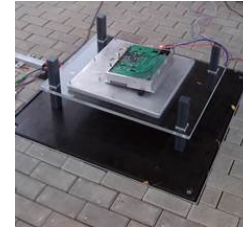
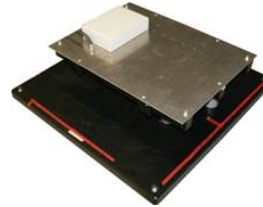
Supported by:



Federal Ministry for the
Environment, Nature Conservation,
Building and Nuclear Safety

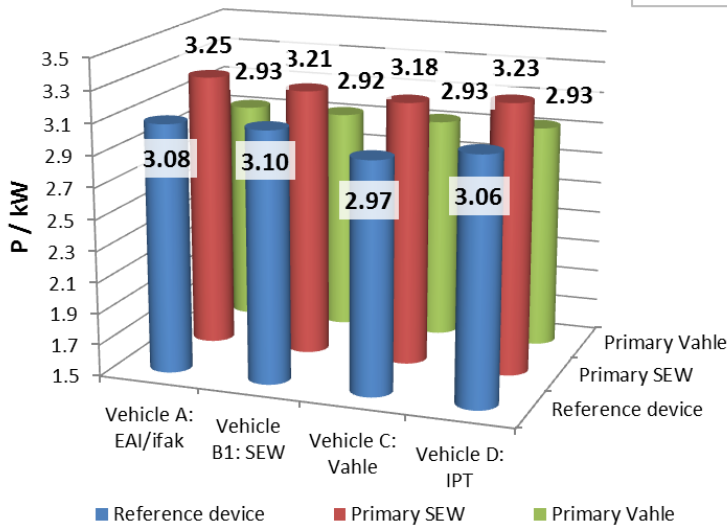
on the basis of a decision
by the German Bundestag

Proof of concept by experimental results



DC power (battery)

f=140 kHz

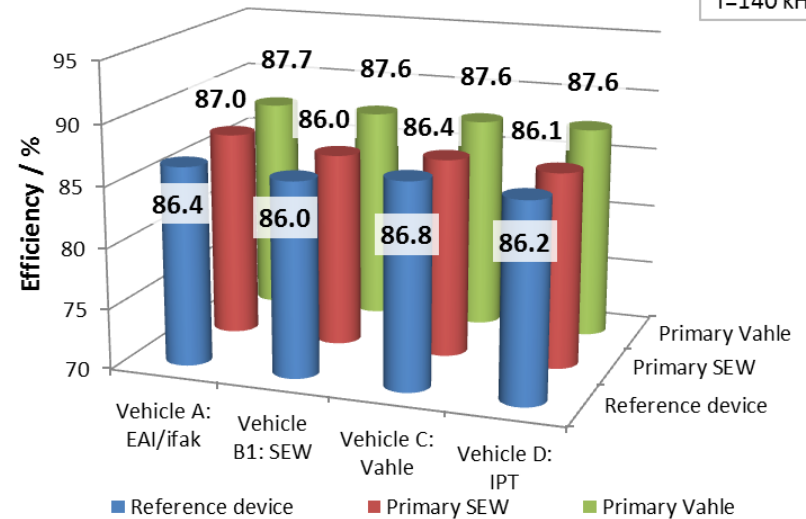


Vehicle ifak, SEW
Vehicle Vahle, IPT

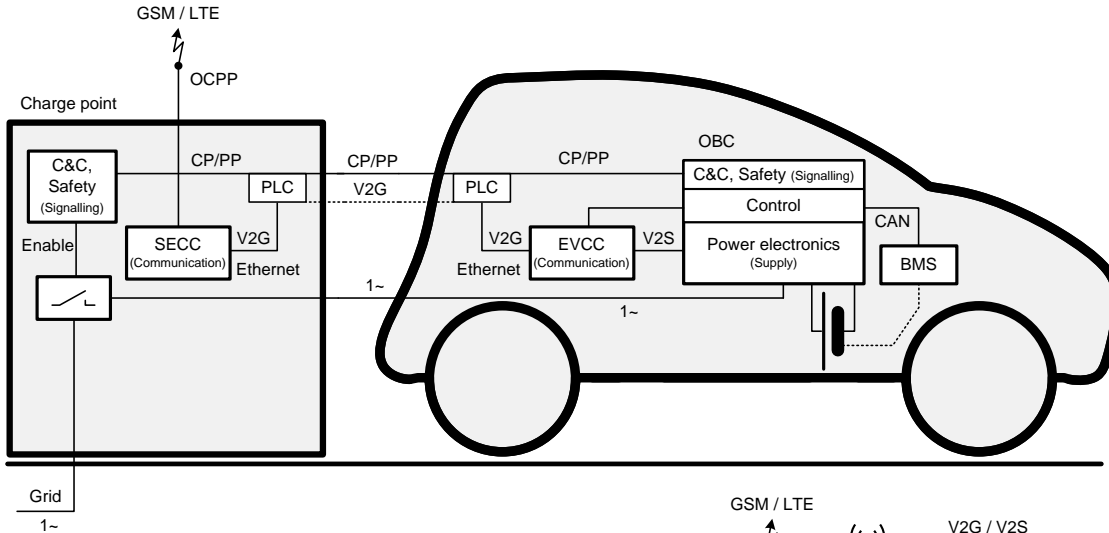
large area double flat coil
compact Solenoid coil

Efficiency (grid-battery)

f=140 kHz



V2G communication support

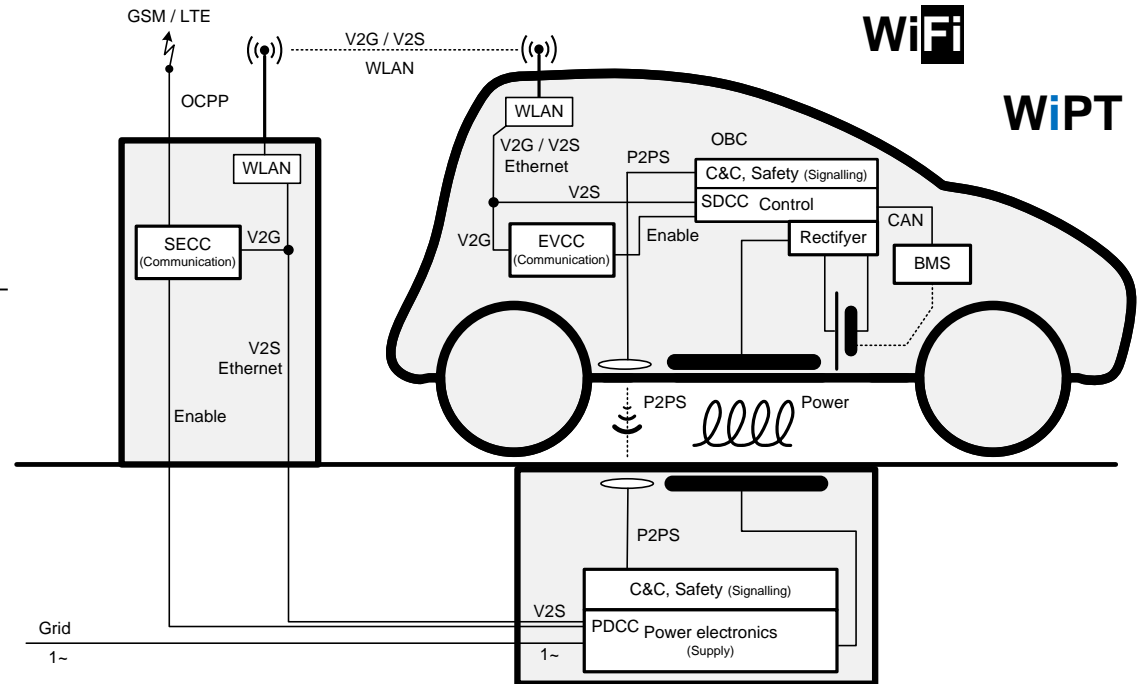


Physical components CCS

- PLC communication channel is replaced by WiFi
- Mains contactor is replaced by supply electronics enable signal
- Safety functions of CP are provided by near field signal

ISO 15118 stack

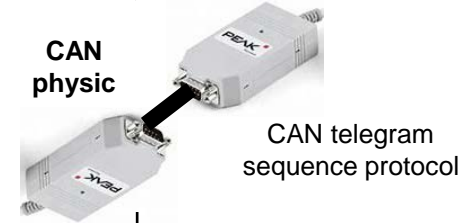
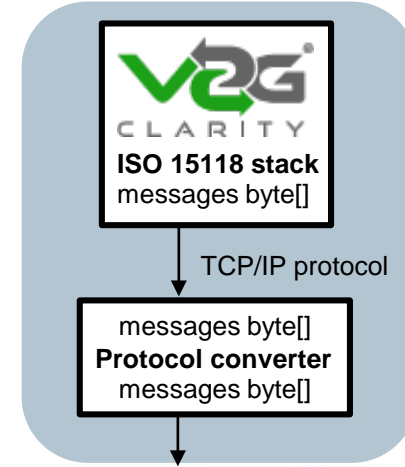
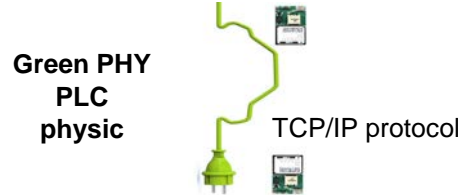
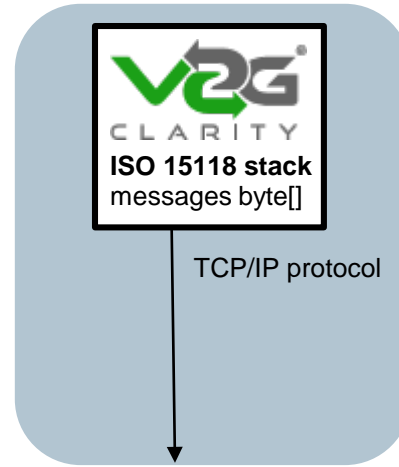
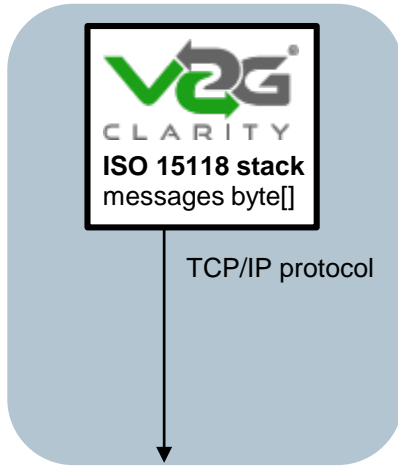
- SECC and EVCC are used as add on for high level functions
- Stack for AC charging can be used for wireless charging without changes
- Supplements for WiFi operation are necessary



Supply device („Charging pad“)

Test of CAN bus as physical communication layer

Vehicle



Infrastructure

